

Take on board as much as you can.

Follow up on at least 2 ideas before next Friday

Please sit with someone you haven't spoken to for at least 3 weeks.

Find out:

Their name?

Their school (if you don't know)?

The class or subject area they are teaching this year?

How long they have been teaching?



Did you know that you have the most important occupation in the world?





Teachers vs Students

Primary vs Secondary

Teachers vs Admin
Education vs Creativity



What is the purpose of mainstream education?





elimination of poverty creation of peace saving the environment

Education is **Key**

Professor Nicholas Negroponte

Children should be making things.

Learning by Doing Learning to Learn



Sir Ken Robinson

Purpose of Education.



Robinson, K. - Out of Our Minds - Chapter 3

How long have you been teaching?

Part 2 Part 2 - How many years have you been teaching? http://alturl.com/rpbum

Teachers' developmental levels of ICT use

- 1. Inaction;
- 2. Investigation;
- 3. Application;
- 4. Integration; and
- 5. Transformation.



Inaction

- Lack of interest
- Rarely if ever use ICT



Investigation Stage

- developed an interest
- see the relevance & start acting



Application Stage

- Regular ICT user
- Competent and confident with some software & hardware but don't like too many changes





Transformation Stage

- Lead the school in relation to ICT use
- Present at seminars and conferences about the way they use ICT



Integration Stage

- ICT is critical to learning & teaching
- Students are provided with a range of ICT related experiences





Dr Tim Kitchen



Search YouTube for iPad vs Paper

"We are trying to find ways in which the technology enables children to use knowledge."

"Nobody knows how computers will be used in 10 or 20 or 30 year's time. What we do know is that they'll be everywhere, as much as pencils. Everybody will have them all the time."



Professor Seymour Papert 1980's

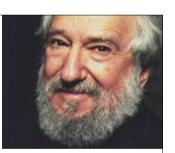
"We are trying to find ways in which the technology enables children to use knowledge."



Professor Seymour Papert 1980's

"We are trying to find ways in which the technology enables children to use knowledge."

"Nobody knows how computers will be used in 10 or 20 or 30 year's time. What we do know is that they'll be everywhere, as much as pencils. Everybody will have them all the time."



Professor Seymour Papert 1980's

"And with everybody having computers all the time, it is inconceivable that learning will be like it's been in the past. There will be new ways of learning. But it's up to you, and me, and all of us, to invent that future."

Online survey Part 4 Teaching and learning changed dramatically since the introduction of personal computing in the 1980s? Agree Not Sure http://alturl.com/rpbum





Professor Seymour PapertThe Godfather of ICT use in education

It is an interesting feature of cultural change that, for a period of time, new technologies tend to be used to do the same old thing.

Sir Ken Robinson



The iPad Revolution



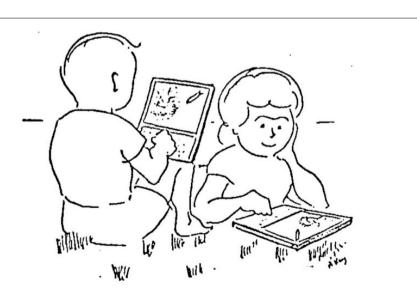
The iPad revolution

1:1 Student to computer (Anytime Anywhere)

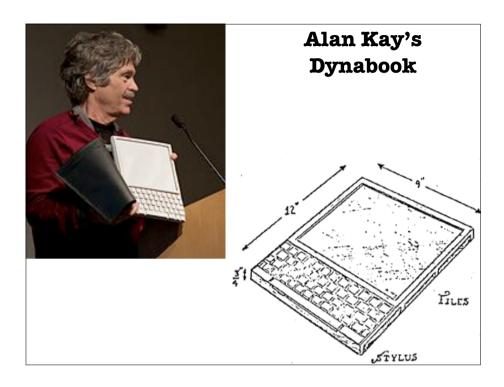
- Expense (parents & the school)
- Battery life
- Ergonomics
- Security
- Dominance in learning environment

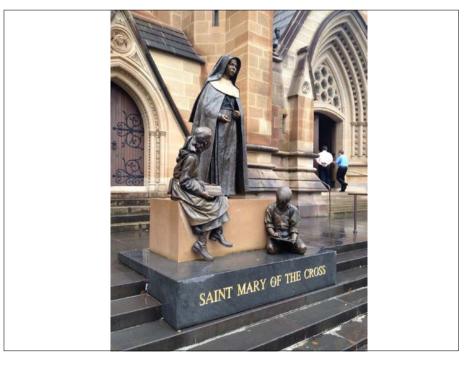








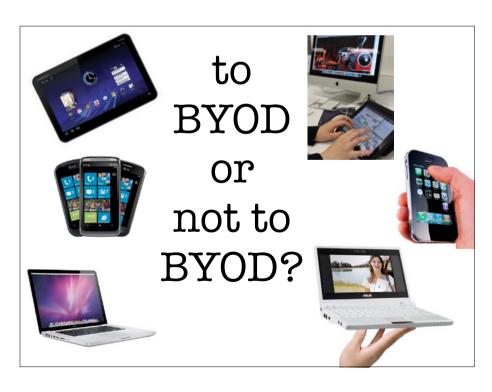






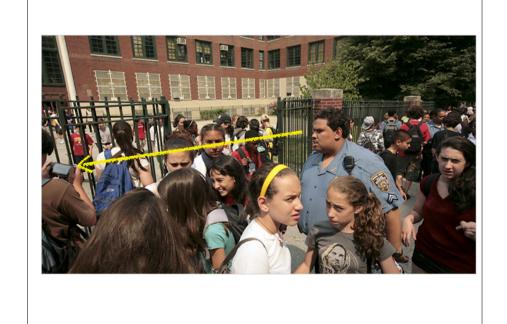








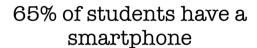








80% of students have a laptop



36% of students have a tablet



Online survey

Part 5 - Sir Ken Robinson says, "our students have a facility with digital technology and it is right and proper therefore that we build them into the heart of education".

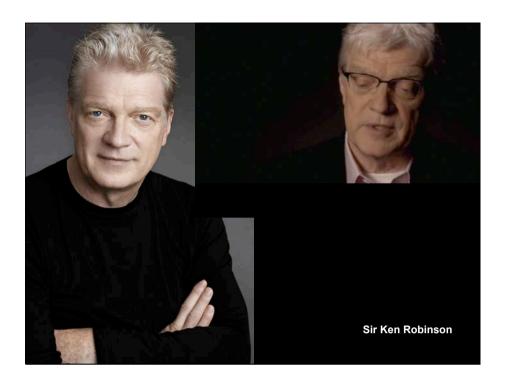
Agree



Disagree

Not Sure http://alturl.com/rpbum









http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=soAk3F0wX9s Search - Gotta Share! The Musical!

Connectivism

Technology has reorganised how we:

- live,
- communicate,
- learn.

Learning needs and theories that describe learning principles and processes, should be reflective of underlying social environments

George Siemens

Connectivism

Traditional learning and teaching theories catered for a different world to today.



Connectivism

Formal education no longer comprises the majority of learning that takes place.

Learning happens through communities of practice, social networking and work projects.



Connectivism

Half of what is known today was not known 10 years ago.

The world's collective knowledge is doubling every 18 months.



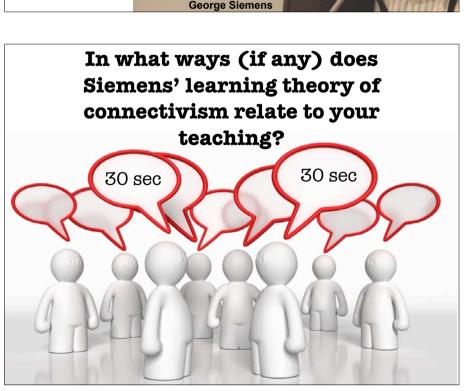
Learning is a lifelong process, not just an formal process

George Siemens

Technological developments are providing the tools to define and develop our thinking







Connectivism

The capacity to know is more important that what is actually known.

Maintaining connections between concepts, ideas and networks is vital.

What is considered right today may well be wrong tomorrow.



George Siemens



Search - my blackberry is frozen

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kAG39jKi0II

End of part 1